



# VEHICLE EXTRICATION

**Rio Hondo Regional Truck  
Operations Academy**

# COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Review of basic operations and terminology
- Review Airbags, SRS, Battery locations and 5-10-20 Rule
- Review Hybrid and AFV
- Review Stabilization
- Review Extrication techniques
- Station A Equipment Review
- Questions

# BASIC OPERATIONS

- Scene Size Up
- Vehicle Assessment “Reading the Wreck”
- Patient Assessment
- Stabilization
- Scan for Airbags/SRS “Peel and Peek”
- Gain Access to Patient “5-10-20 Rule”
- Extrication Techniques
- Patient Removal

# SIZE UP

- Scene Safety and assessment
- Victim assessment
- Vehicle assessment “Reading the Wreck”
- Extrication assessment
- Size-up continues until the incident is terminated

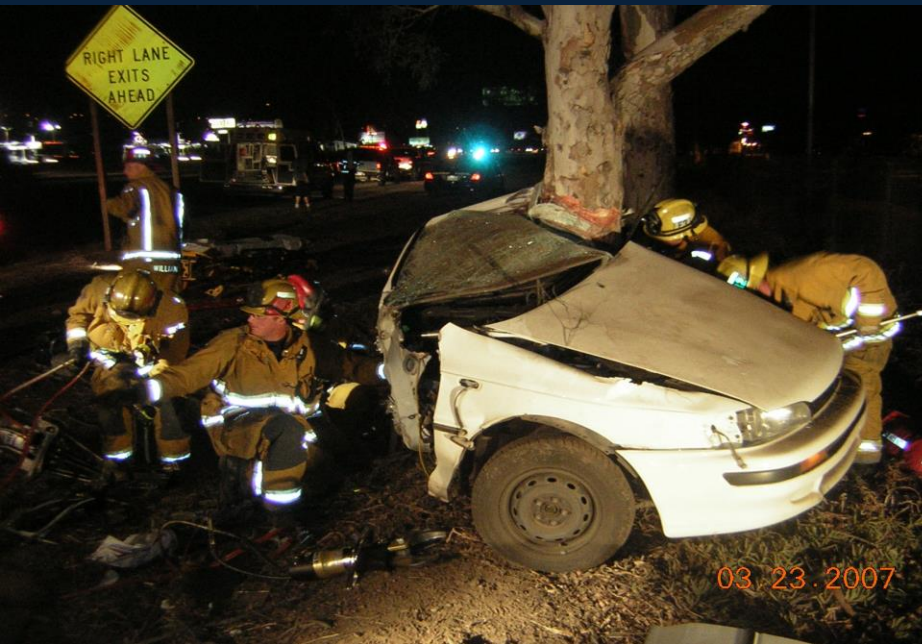
# SCENE ASSESSMENT

- Scene Safety
- Vehicle traffic
- Safe working area
- Fuel spills
- Down power lines
- Environmental considerations
- Fires
- Alternative Fuel Vehicle leak

# VEHICLE ASSESSMENT

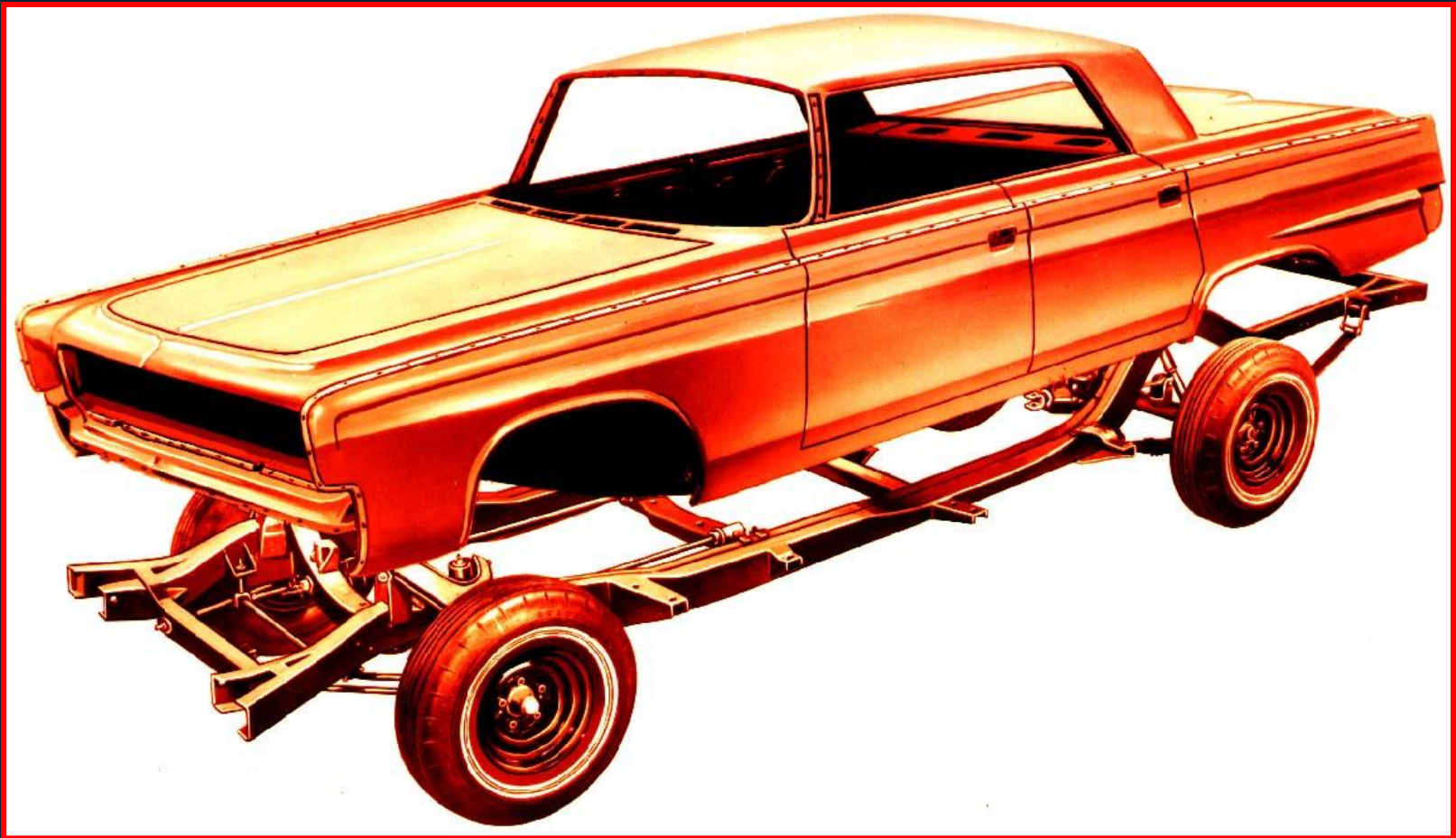
- “Reading the Wreck”
  - Position, Damage and Stability
  - Vehicle construction and type
  - Vehicle and Patient Condition
- Vehicle safety systems
  - Air bags/SRS
  - Seat belt Pretensioners
  - Batteries
  - Glass Management

# READING THE WRECK



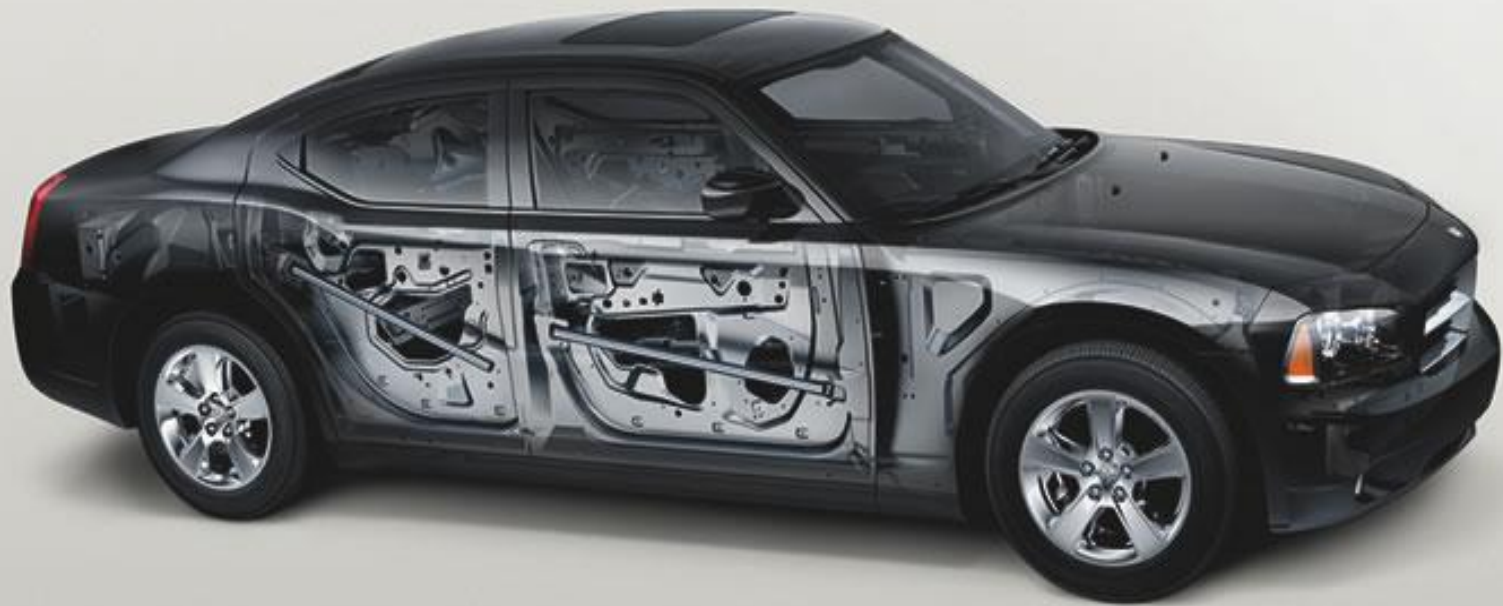
# FULL FRAME CONSTRUCTION

## Designed to Deflect Energy



# UNIBODY CONSTRUCTION

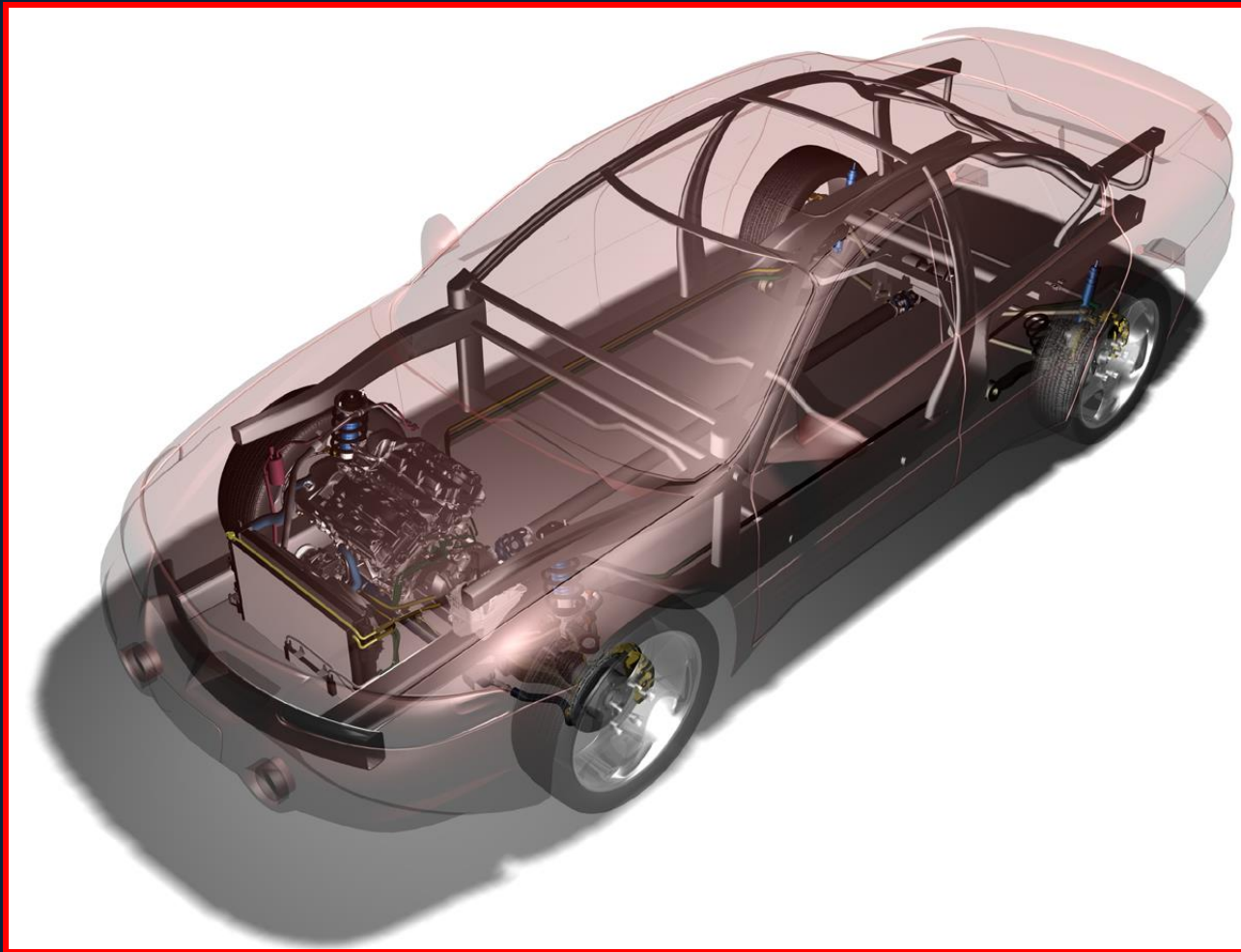
Designed to Absorb/Transfer Energy



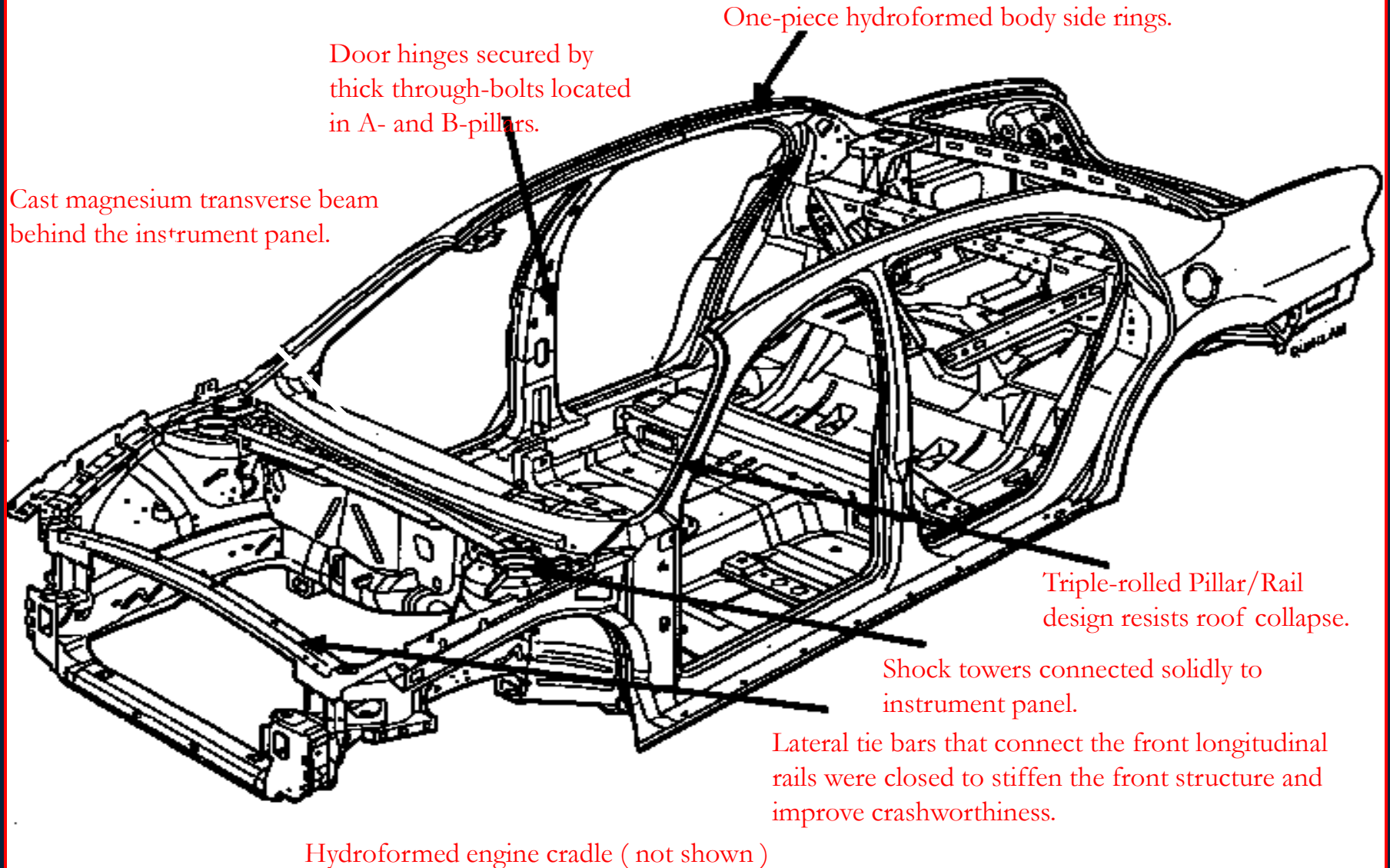
# SPACE FRAME CONSTRUCTION

Designed to Absorb/Transfer Energy

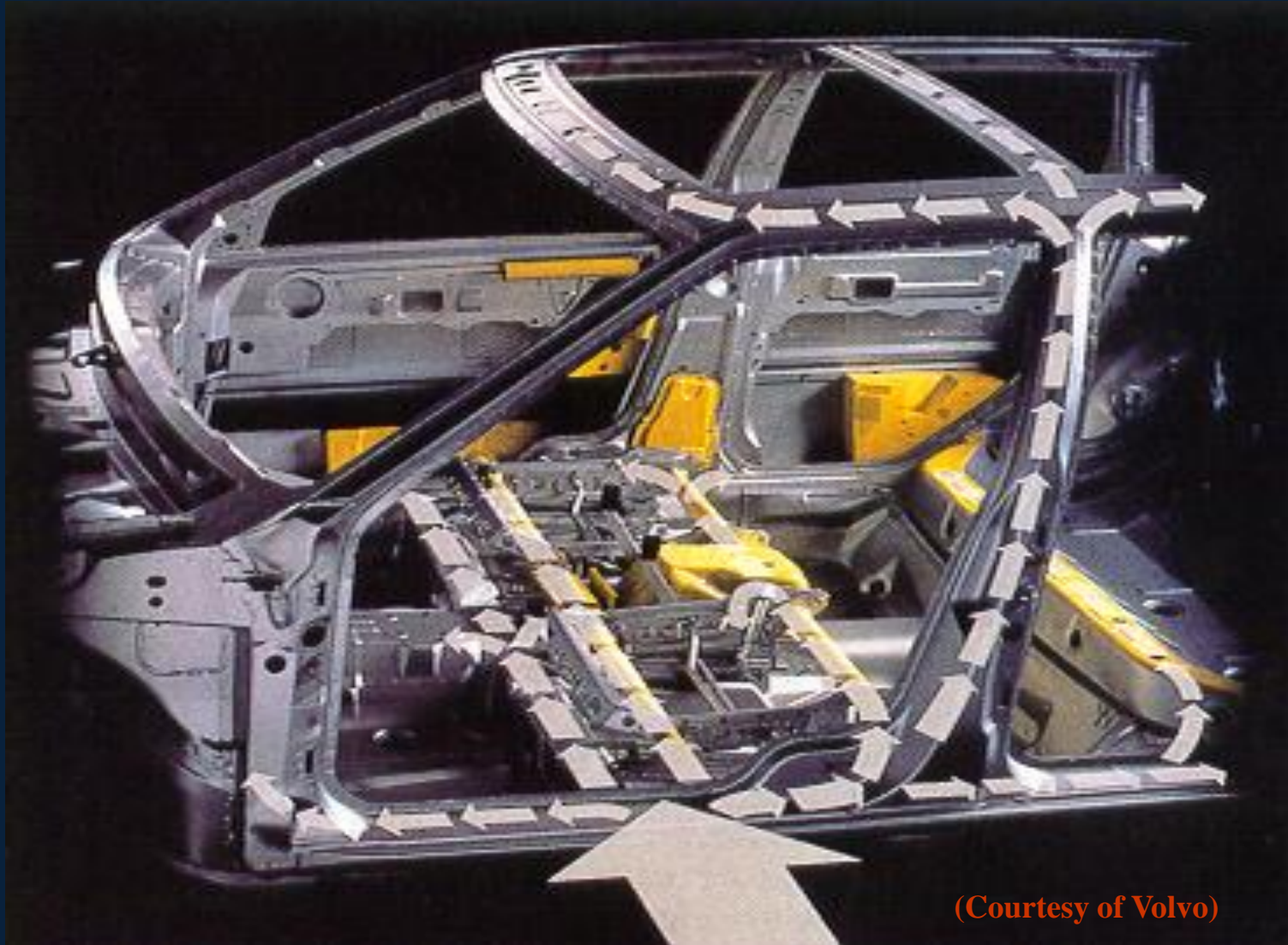
High Strength Steel



# VEHICLE ANATOMY



# STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS



(Courtesy of Volvo)

# BORON B-POST





In celebration of the  
Insurance Institute for Highway Safety's  
50th anniversary, a 1959 Chevrolet  
Bel Air was crashed into a 2009  
Chevrolet Malibu.

# VEHICLE GLASS

- Laminated: Windshield
  - Two pieces of glass, one thin piece of plastic
  - Some Vehicles have laminated glass all around
- Tempered: Sides and back
  - Shatters with center punch
- EPG: Enhanced Protective Glass

# LAMINATED GLASS

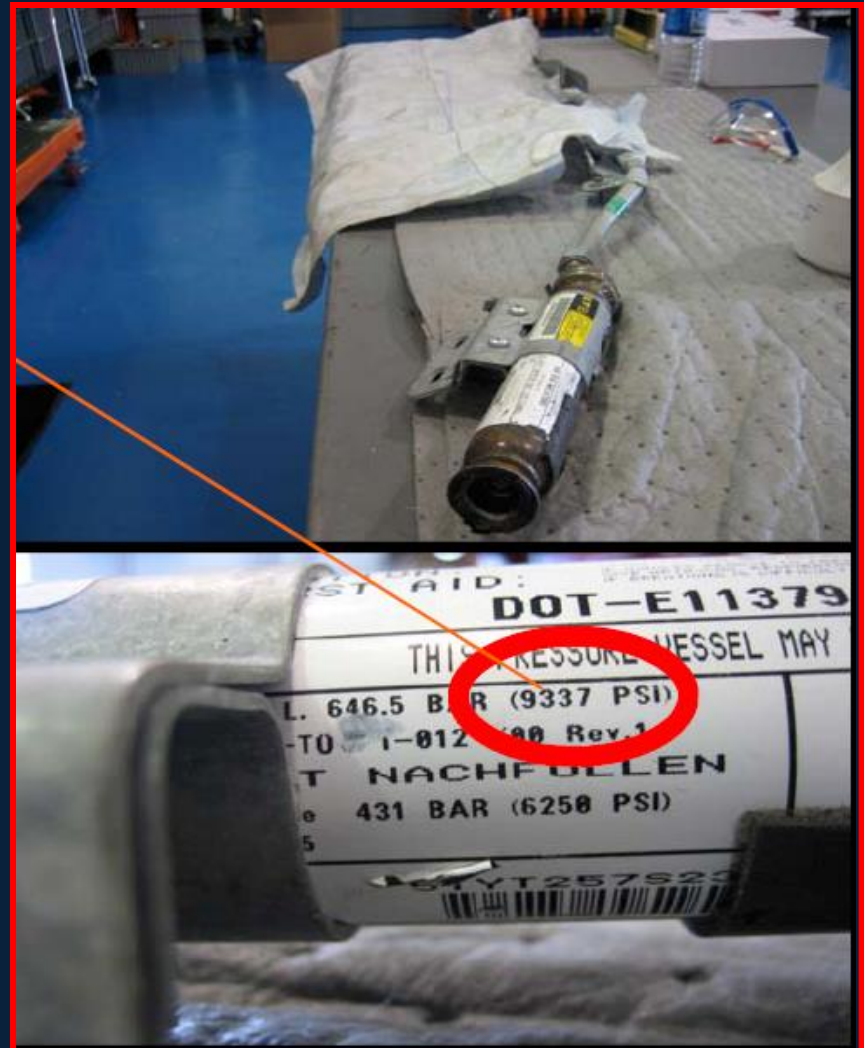


# PEEL AND PEEK

- Pulling the plastic or trim on:
  - A, B, C, Pillars etc....
  - Roof rail
  - Opposite side of Patients/Intrusion if possible
  - If it is true on one side it is true on the other....
- Expose Compressed gas cylinders/Pretensioners and cut around them
- Tools for Peel and Peek:
  - Brake Spring tool, flat bar, screwdriver, Tug tool hands, etc.

# COMPRESSED GAS CYLINDERS

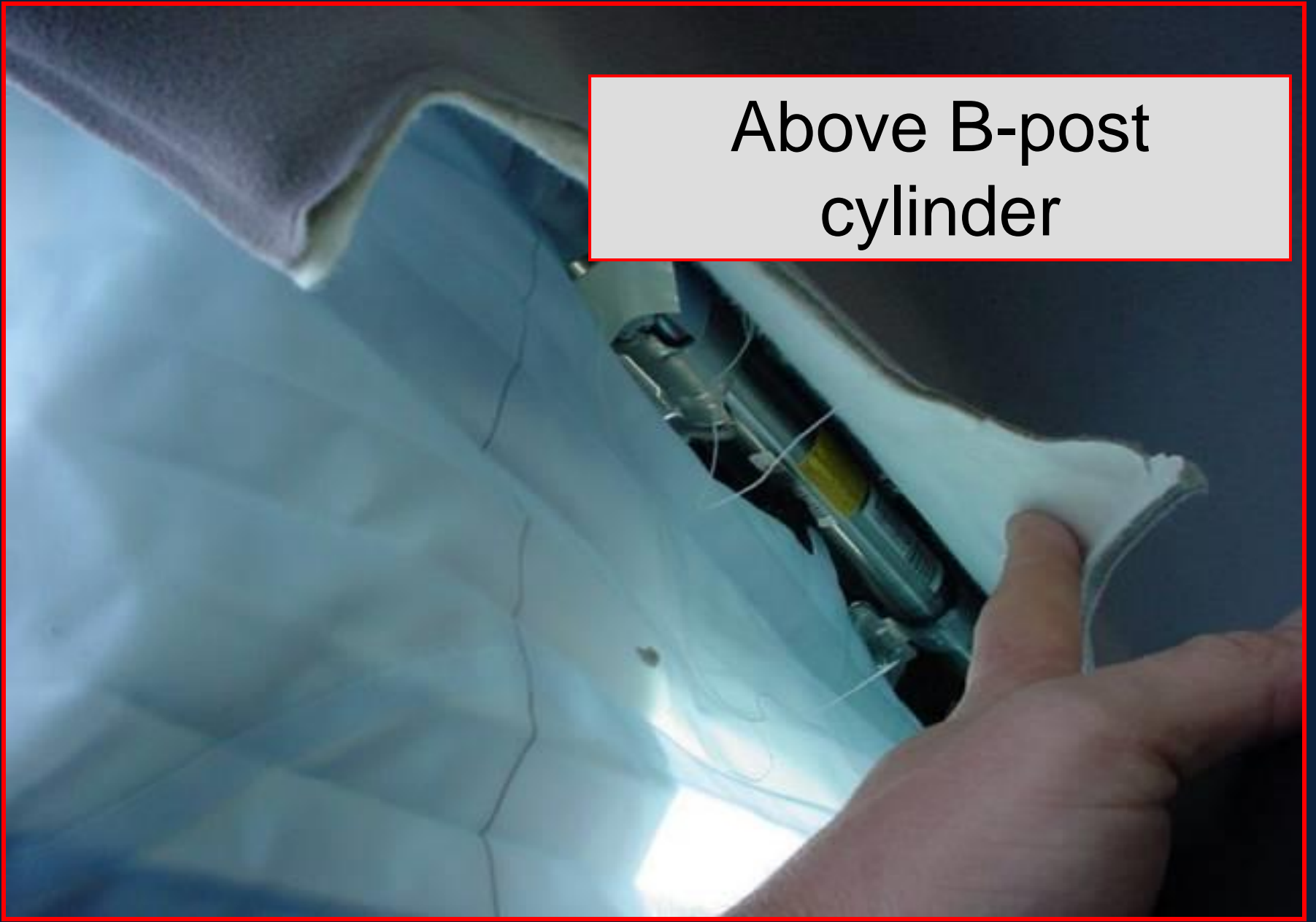
- High Pressure Cylinder
- Average 4000 psi
- Up to 9400 psi
- Argon / Helium
- Argon / Nitrous Oxide



A-post cylinder



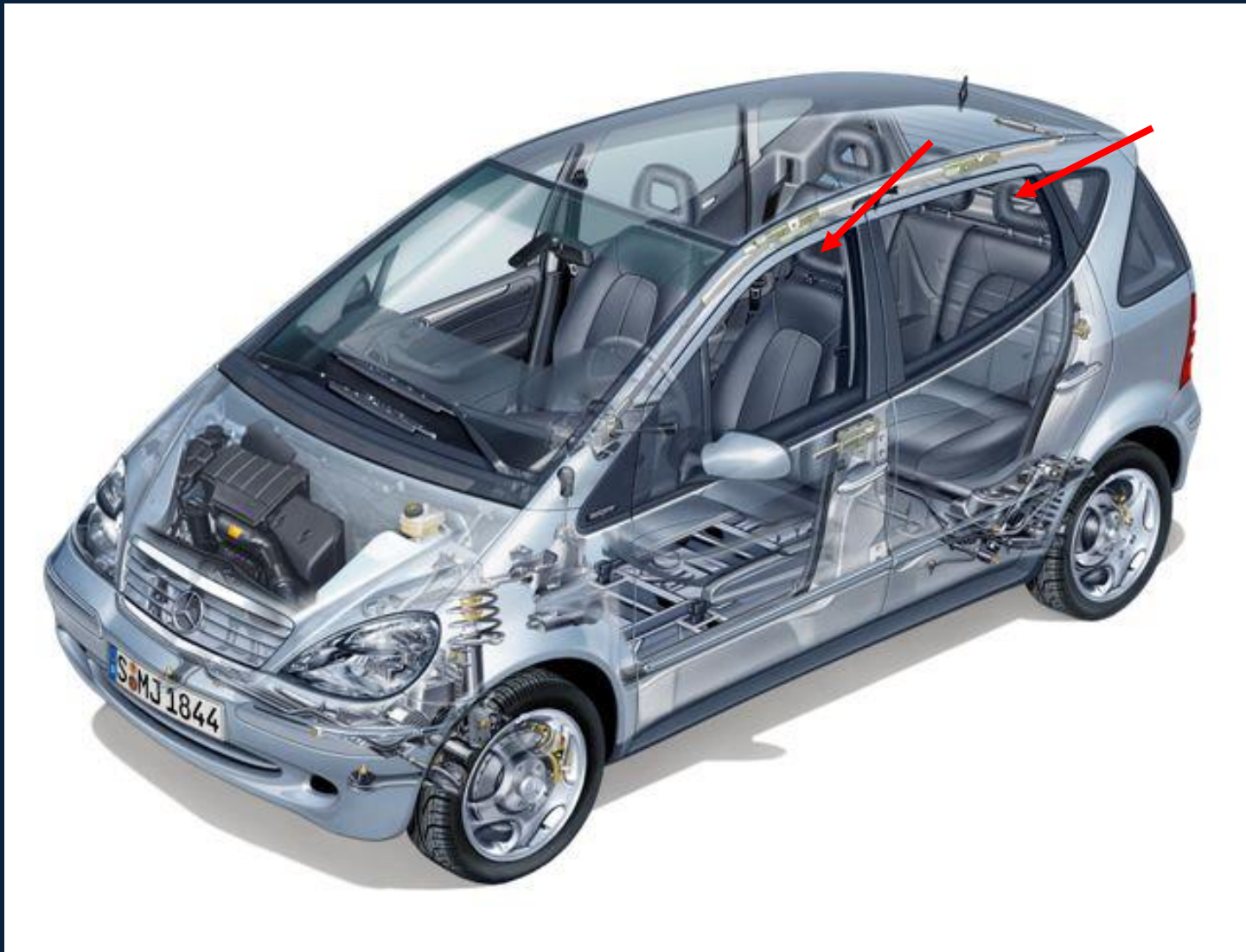
Above B-post  
cylinder



C-post cylinder



# MULTIPLE CYLINDERS



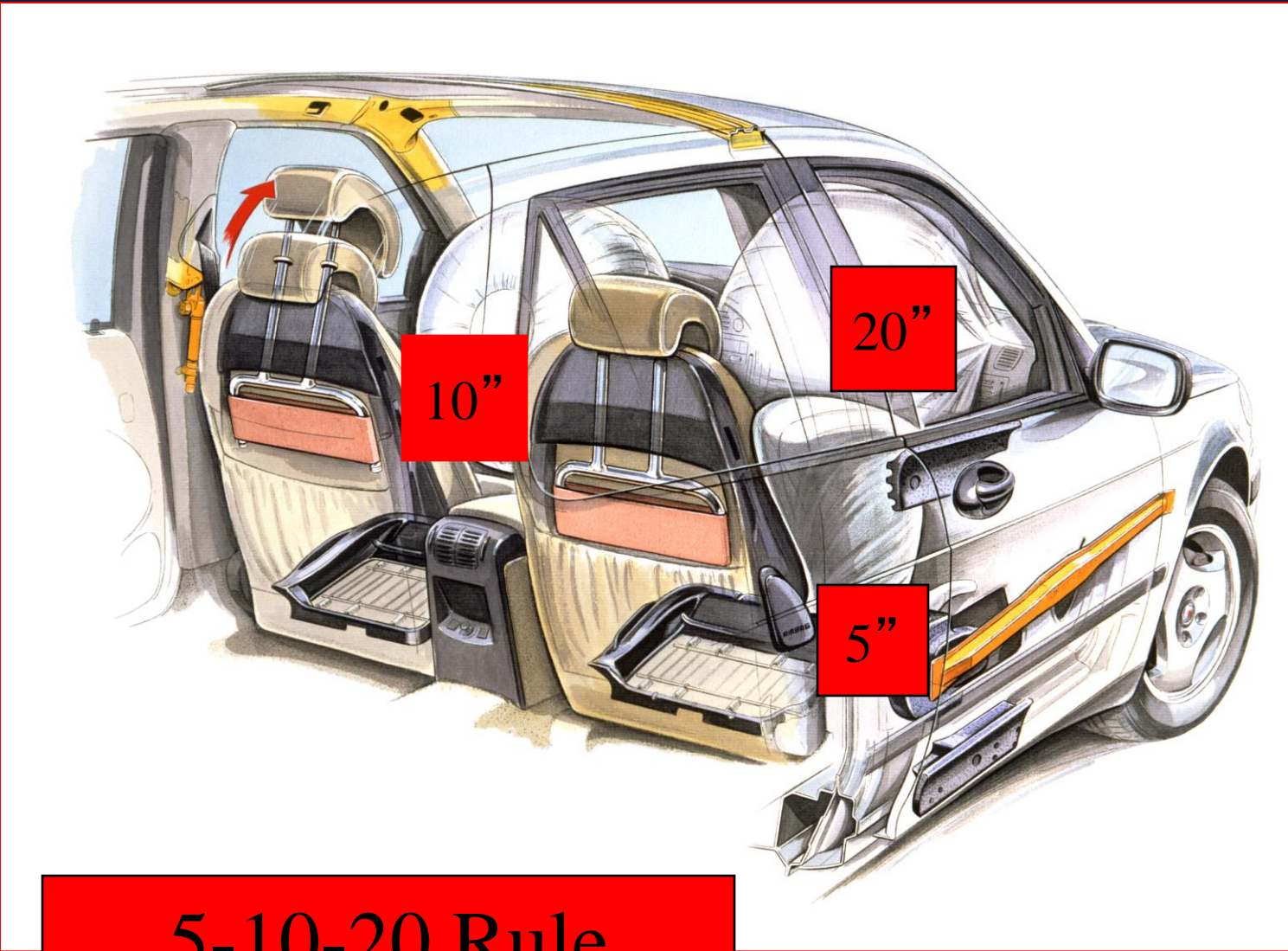


# AIRBAGS

- Steering Wheel
- Dash
- Seats
- Doors
- Knee
- A, B, C Posts
- Roof
  - Side rails or rear windows

# AIRBAGS

- Side Impact Curtains
- Head and Torso Airbag
- Hood /Windshield Bag
- Exterior Airbags
- Smart Airbags
- Gentle Airbags
  - Airbag using computer technology will deploy with less force



5-10-20 Rule

# Airbag Deployment Zones



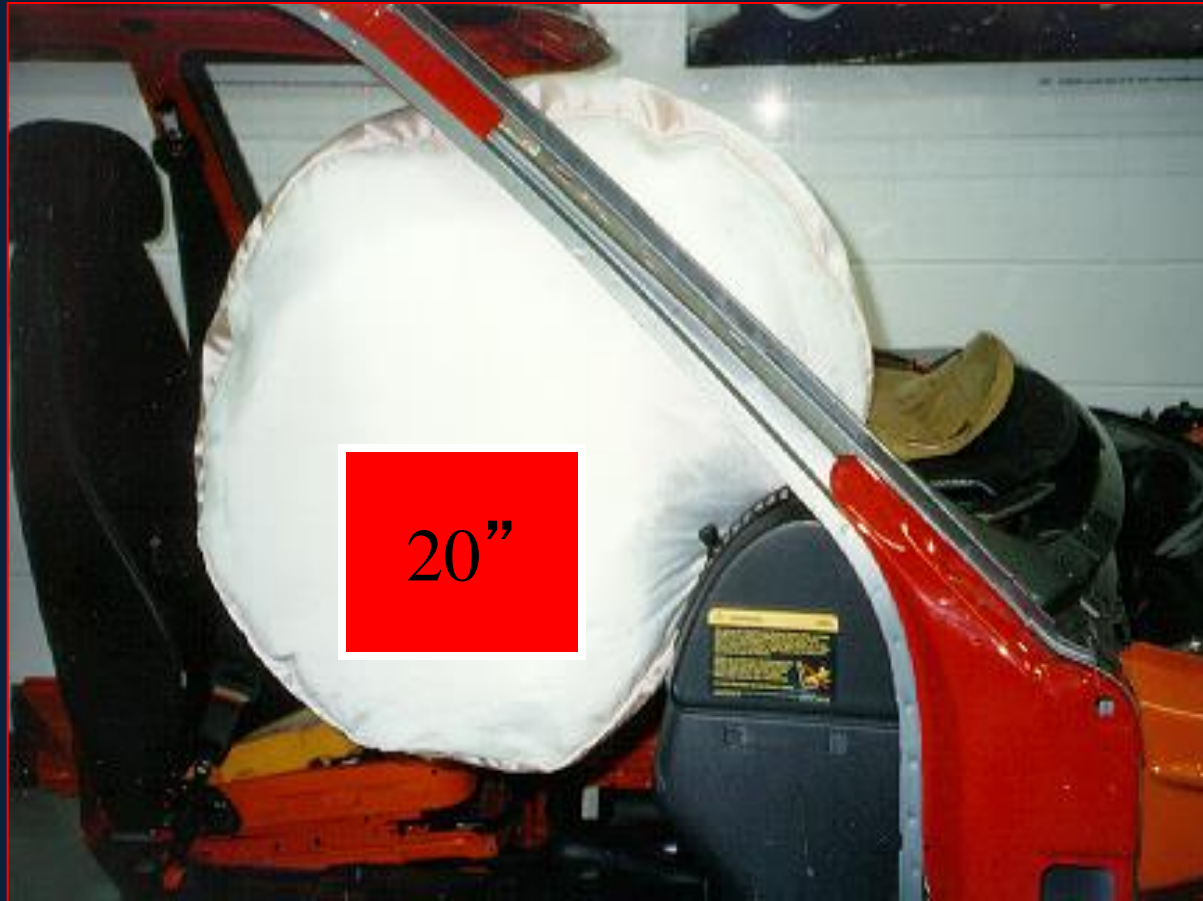
# 5" RULE



# 10" RULE



# 20" RULE



# AIRBAGS

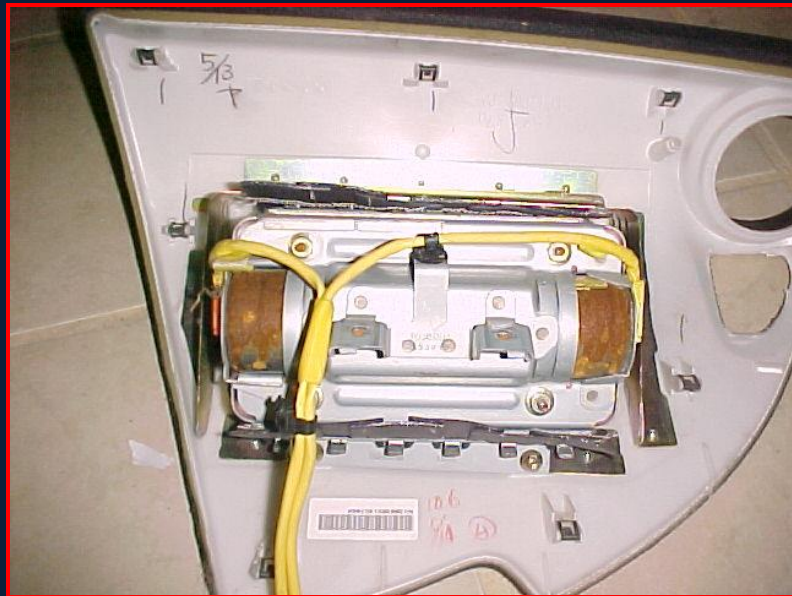
- Chemicals
  - Sodium azide and an Oxidizer (nitrogen gas)
  - Argon and Helium or Argon and Nitrous Oxide
- Powders
  - Talcum powder or corn starch for lubrication
- Heat
  - Inert gases can reach 2,100 degrees

# AIRBAGS

- Capacitors
  - Designed to assist with airbag discharge
  - They can hold a charge indefinitely
  - Accessories with batteries
- Observe The 5-10-20 Rule
  - Side impact: 5", Steering Wheel: 10", Dash: 20"

# AIRBAGS

- Double-deployment or Dual-Action Airbags
- Smart Airbags & Advanced Airbag Systems
- Federal Motor Safety Standard 208
  - 100% of cars equipped with Smart Airbags by 2007



# AIRBAG CUT-AWAY



Sodium Azide pellets within chemical inflator module

# BRAIN SENSOR CPU COMPONENTS





CAUTION  
ATTENTION  
VORSICHT

MB921541  
16T3702

FORWARD  
DE L'AVANT  
VORNE  
# 2

# SMART AIRBAGS



(Courtesy of  
Audi )

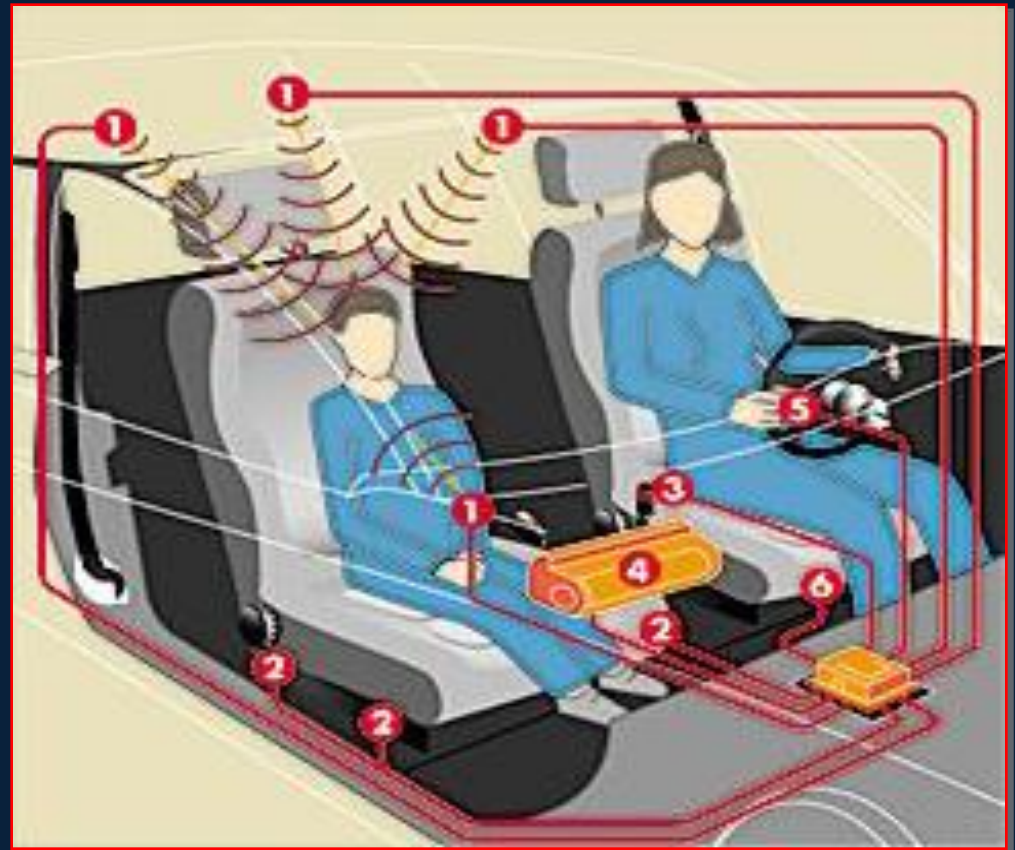
# SMART AIRBAGS



# SMART AIRBAGS

## Adaptive Airbags

1. Ultra Sonic Sensor
2. Buckle Sensor
3. Weight Sensor



# SEAT SENSOR ACTIVATION

- 65 pounds for General Motors & European vehicles
- 80 pounds for Toyota and most Asian vehicles
- Can be adjusted at Dealer



# AIRBAGS SWITCHES

- Key Selector Switch
- On/Off
- Key Selector Switch
- Off/Auto
- Weight Sensor ID



# AIRBAG MARKINGS

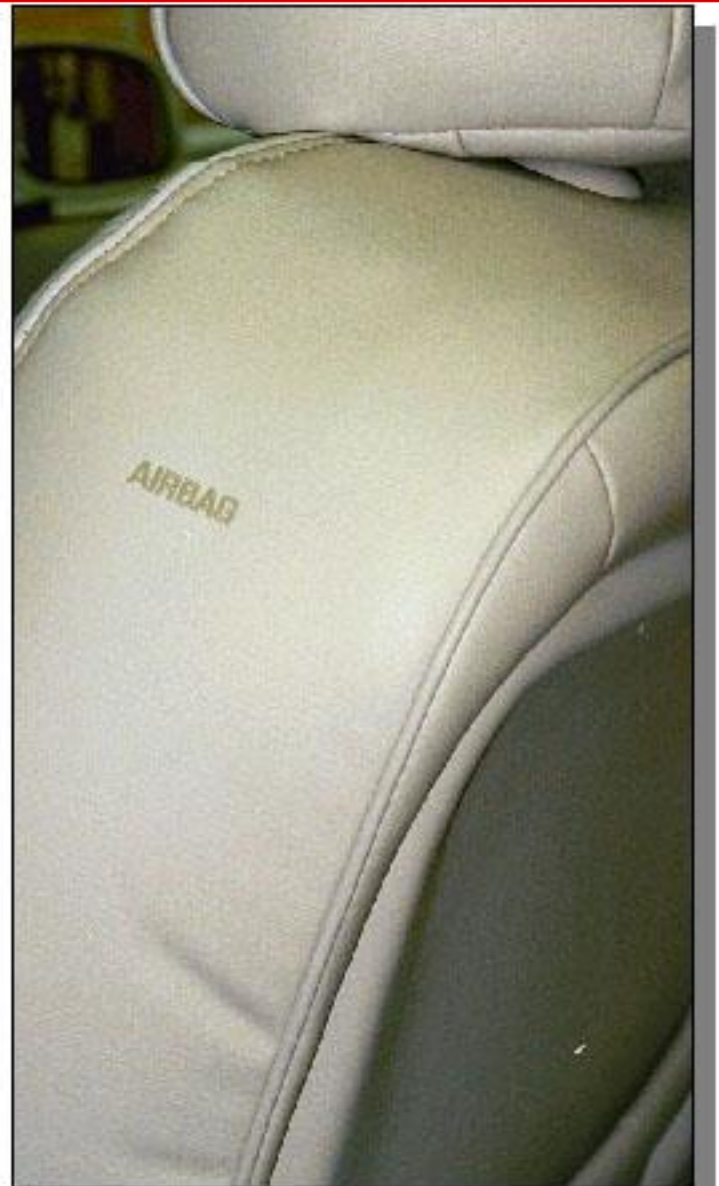




AIRBAG

# AIRBAG MARKINGS????

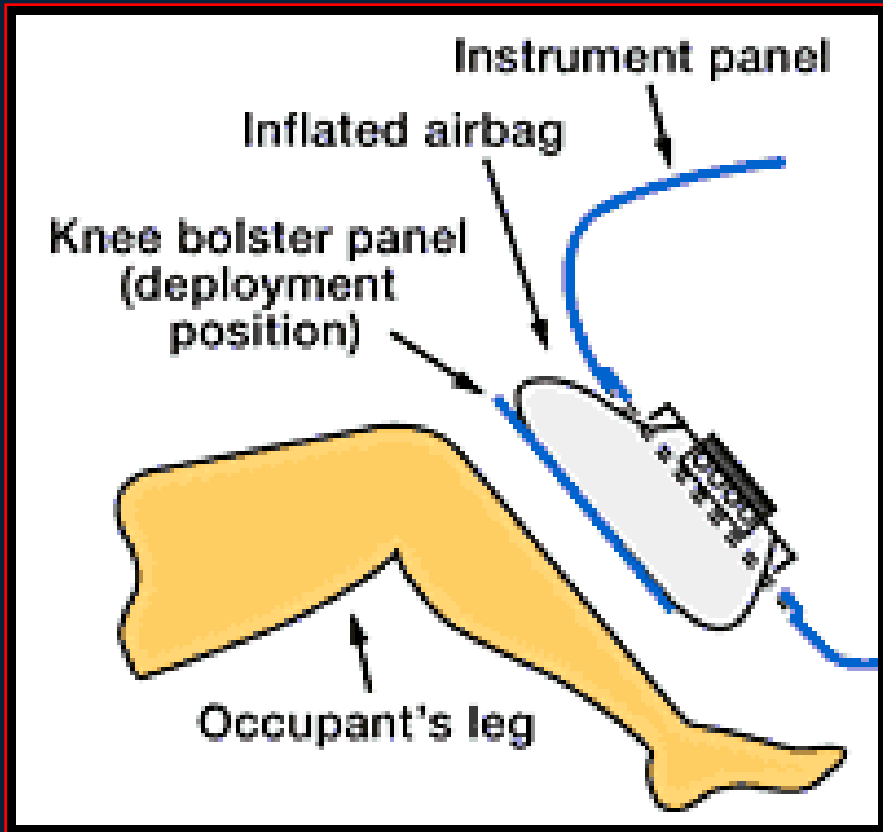




# CONTRASTING COLORS



# KNEE BOLSTER AIRBAG

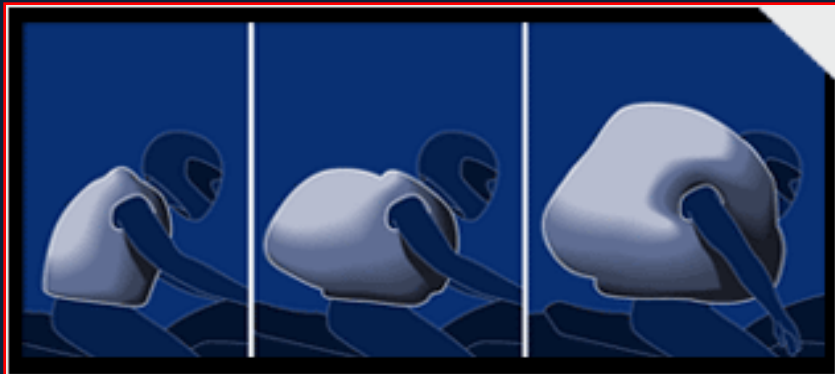




# 7 SERIES BMW KNEE BAG



# MORE AIRBAGS



# MORE AIRBAGS

Proposed,  
contd.

- ITTR (Inflatable Tubular Torso Restraint)
- Rear Seats Only



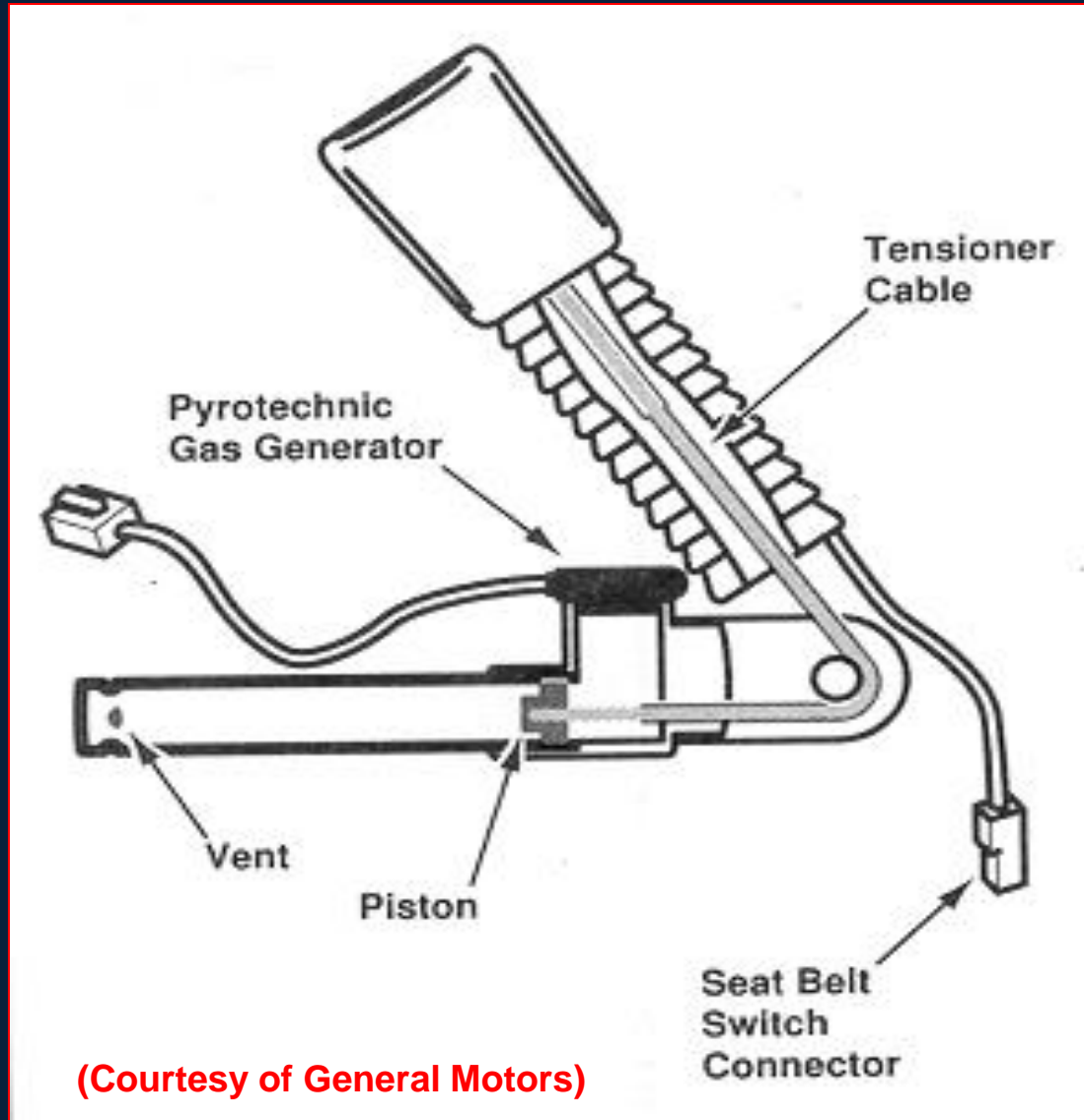
# REAR SEAT AIRBAG



# SEATBELT PRETENSIONER

- Designed to tighten or back wind seat belt
- Can be electrical or mechanical
  - Electrical pretensioners deploy with front airbags
  - A pyrotechnic device with a small gas generator
- Models that back wind the seat belt are located anywhere in the B, C, D pillars

# SEATBELT PRETENSIONER



# SEATBELT PRETENSIONER

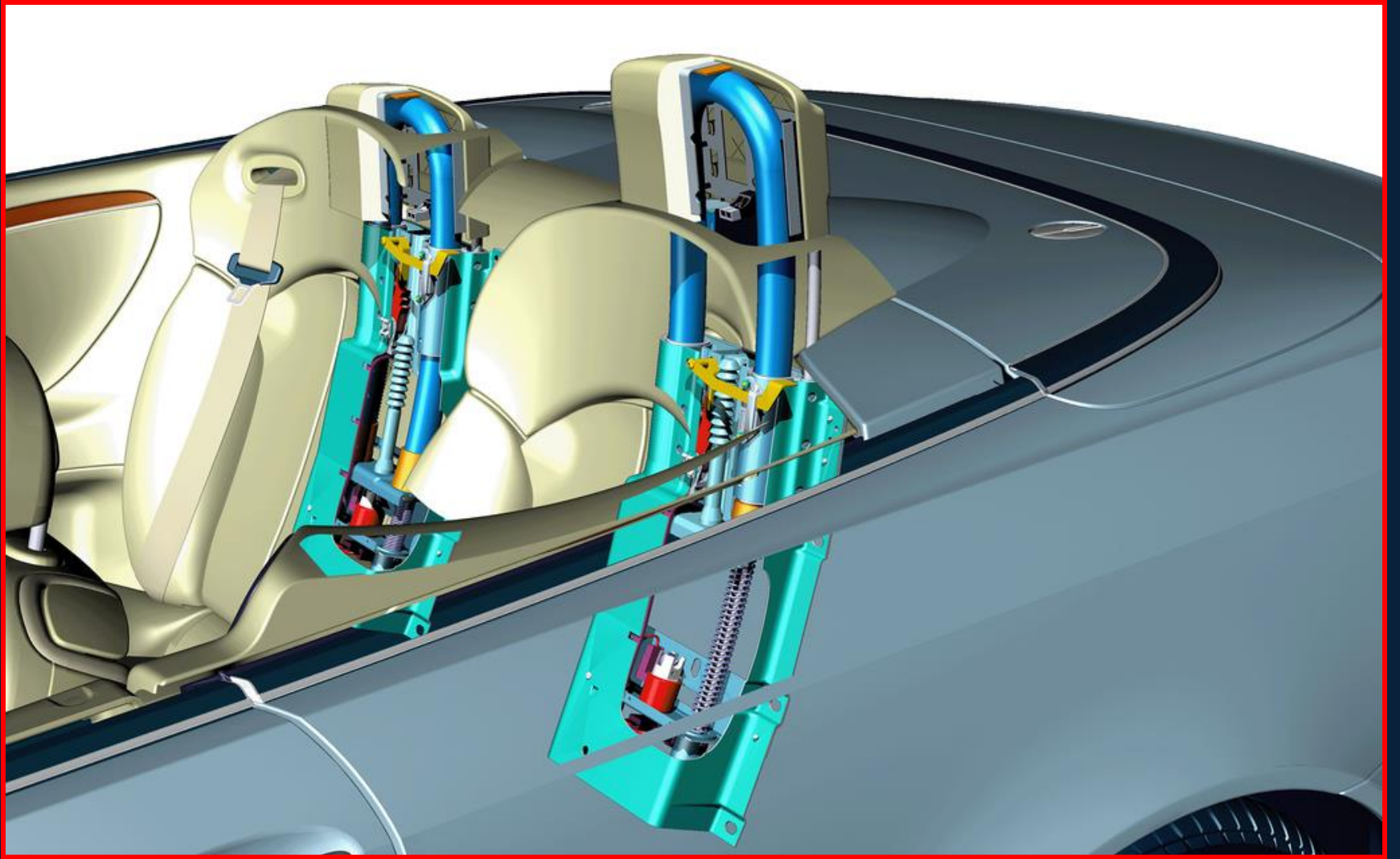




# ROLLOVER PROTECTION



(Courtesy of Mercedes-Benz)



# ROLLOVER PROTECTION SENSOR

ROLL-OVER SENSOR



- Located on lower portion of B-post
- Activate at 51 degrees
- Note if vehicle is on incline upon arrival
- Moving B-post while spreading doors

# ROLL OVER PROTECTION

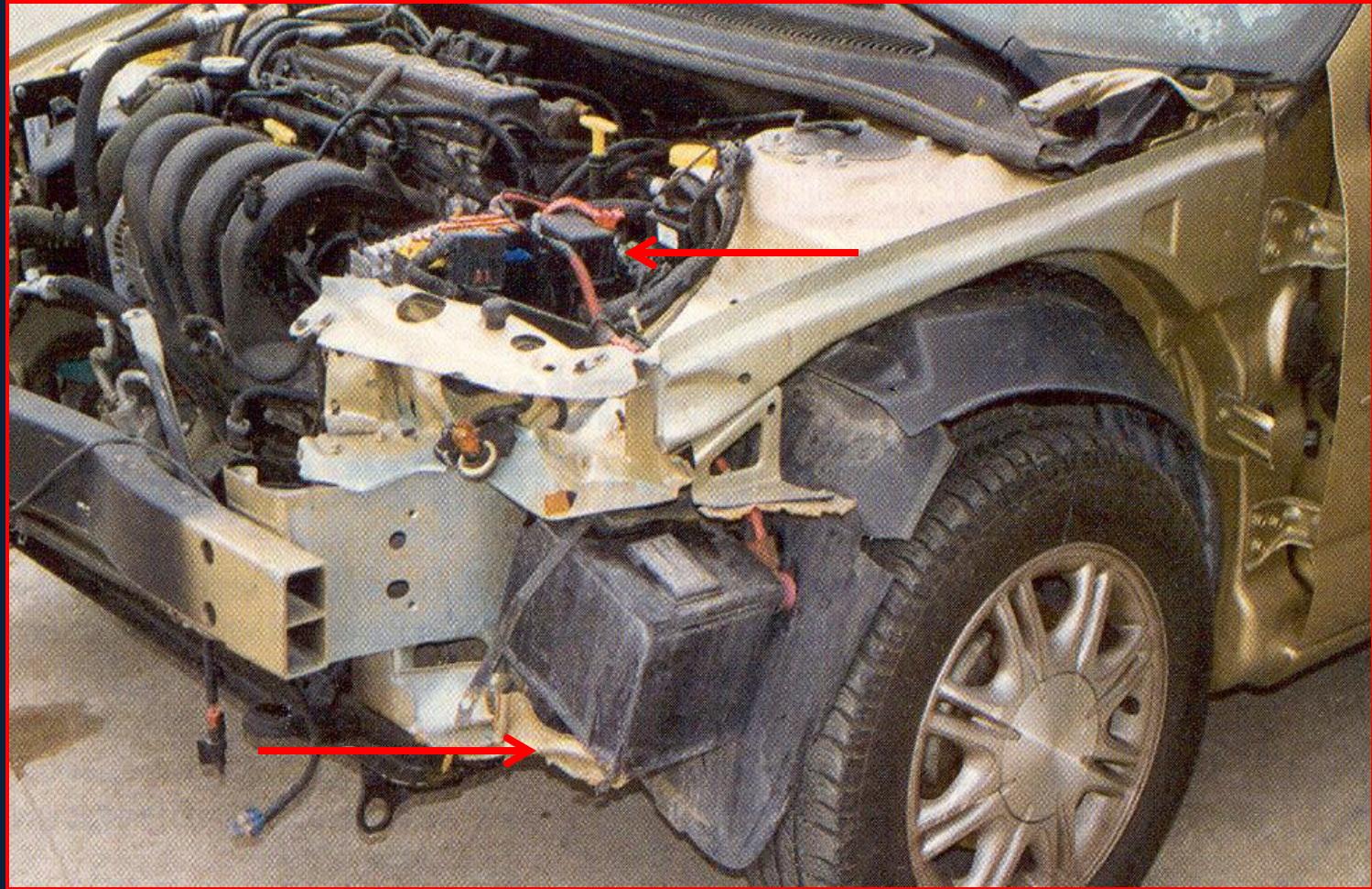




# BATTERY LOCATIONS

- Multiple Battery Locations
- Under hood
- Trunk
- Wheel wells
- Under front and/or back seats
- Both under hood and in the trunk
- Batteries in odd places may have remote jumper cable terminals in the engine compartment which may be used to disconnect the battery system

# WHEEL WELLS



# UNDER SEATS





# TRUNKS



# GAS SHOCK BUMPERS AND LIFT CYLINDERS

- Approach vehicle from the side
- Struts and shocks now angled 45 degrees in front and rear bumpers
- Various configurations in hatchbacks, trunks and hoods

# BUMPER SHOCK FAILURE



# LIFT STRUT FAILURE



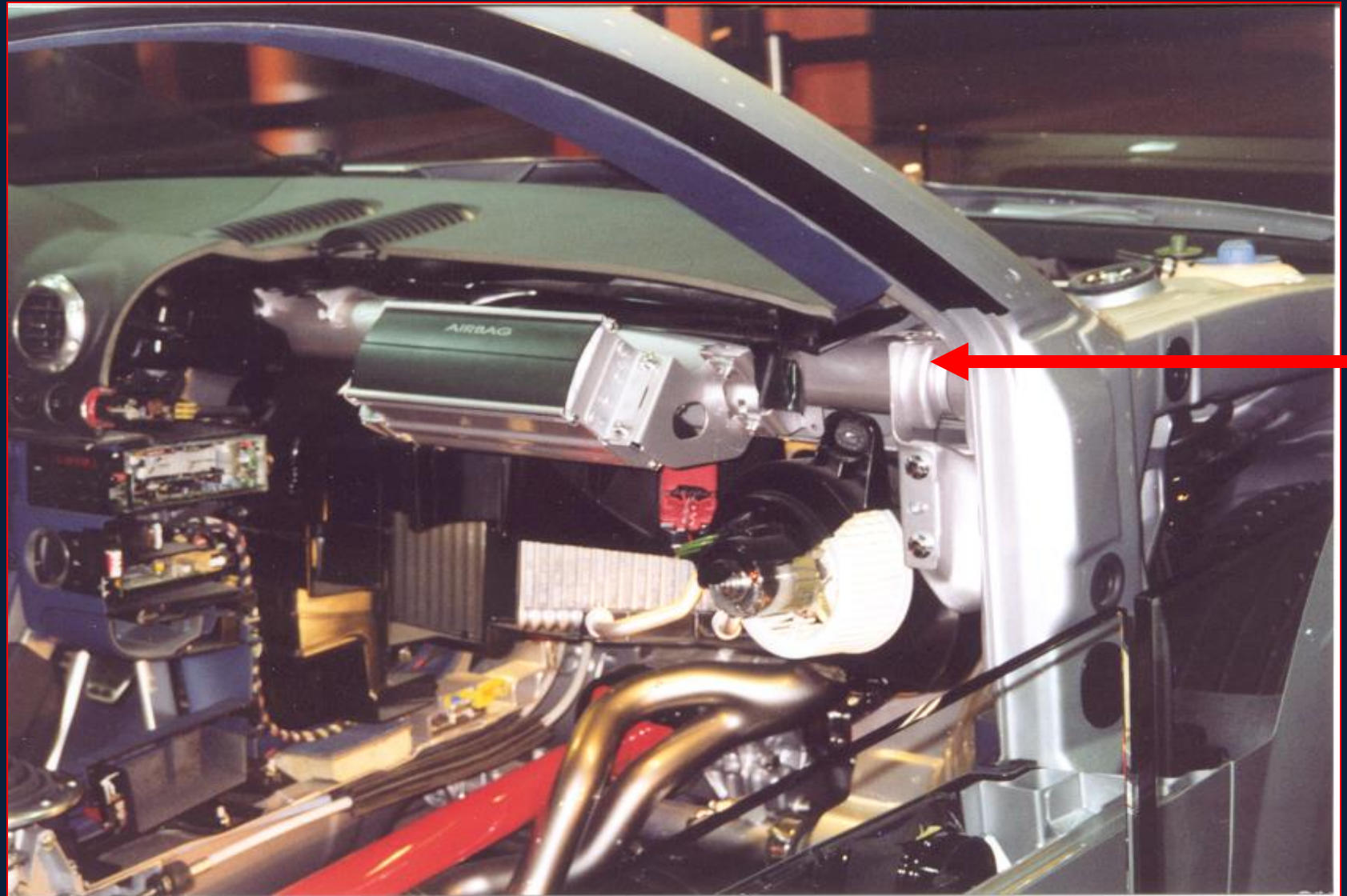




# OTHER HAZARDS

- Electrically adjustable accelerator and brake pedals
  - 2000 Ford, Lincoln, Mercury and 2001 Chevrolet SUV vehicles for short-stature or large-girthed drivers to properly adjust seat-positioning for airbag deployment
- Electrically controlled seats with memory settings

# TRANSVERSE MAGNESIUM DASH BAR





# ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES

- Gas/Electric Hybrids including Plug-in Hybrids
- Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)
- Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)
- Ethanol Based Fuel (E85)
- Propane
- Hydrogen/Electric Fuel Cell
- Diesel/Electric Hybrids
- Combination of many types
- Electric Vehicles

# HYBRID VEHICLES

- Define Hybrid Vehicle and Systems
- Power down procedures
- Fire & Submersion procedures
- Hybrid Myths
- Alternative Fuels
- Hands on training

# HYBRID VEHICLES

- A Hybrid vehicle blends a gasoline engine and high voltage electric motor technology together to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and increase fuel economy
- Over 1.7 million Hybrid vehicles on the US roads today
- The gasoline engine does not need to be running for the vehicle to be in motion

# HYBRID VEHICLES



## HEV Operation

- Electric key or power button shuts down vehicle
- Standard parking brake
- Identify vehicle idiosyncrasies in owners manual

# HYBRID VEHICLES

- High Voltage
  - DC (Direct Current)
    - High voltage battery pack/NiMH
      - Up to 300 volts
    - Inverter/Converter
      - Up to 650 volts
    - High voltage orange wires
      - Up to 300 volts
  - AC (Alternating Current)
    - 3 phase traction motor/2 motors found on AWD systems
      - Up to 650 volts
    - Inverter/Converter
      - Up to 650 volts
  - Air Conditioning Pump
    - Up to 300 volts

# HYBRID VEHICLES

- Mid
  - Power Steering
    - Up to 60 volts DC (dull yellow wiring on Toyota Highlander and Lexus LS600hL)
- Low
  - All hybrid vehicles contain a 12 volt auxiliary battery that power all accessory systems
  - Electric / Hydraulic Brake System
    - 12 volts (capacitor back-up)
- 0 to 60 volts (low injury hazard)
- Above 60 volts (high injury hazard)
  - All wires containing above 60 volts are orange.

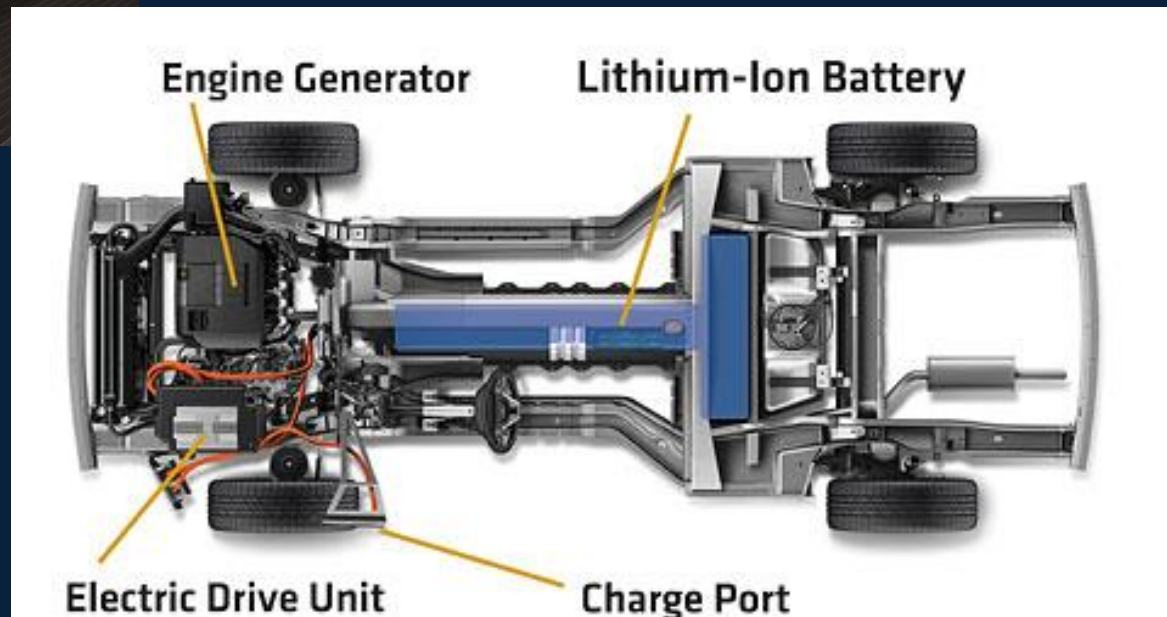
# HYBRID VEHICLES

## Lithium Ion Battery Configuration



### Chevy Volt

- New Generation Hybrid Electric
- ICE generates electricity to recharge battery pack, vehicle operated in all electric mode



# HYBRID VEHICLES



## Plug-In HEV's

Currently HEV's recharge while the vehicle is operating eliminating the need for an external charge

- An additional battery pack and charging port turns an HEV into a PHEV
- PHEV's extend the mileage and range of the vehicle

# HYBRID VEHICLES



## SOLAR HEV

- Currently an after market application for Prius and soon other HEV's
- Will add 20 to 30 miles in range
- Toyota is adding photovoltaic panels (PV) to power A/C systems
- Pinifarina includes solar in their roll-out
- Only generates electricity when the sun is shining!

# HYBRID VEHICLES SHUT DOWN

- Identify Vehicle as Hybrid or AFV
- Stabilize Vehicle – Chock tires both sides
- Place gear shift into PARK before removing key
- Set Parking Brake
- Turn off and remove key if possible
- Check “Ready Light” or “Auto Stop” light is OFF
- Disconnect 12 volt DC battery

# HYBRID VEHICLES SHUT DOWN

- If key or power button are not accessible:
- Disconnect the 12 Volt auxiliary battery located in rear cargo area
- Remove the 20 amp HEV fuse (yellow) in engine compartment
- When in doubt, pull all of the fuses in the fuse block.
- Confirm **READY** light is not illuminated in instrument cluster

# HYBRID VEHICLES SHUT DOWN

- Never assume the Prius is shut off simply because it is silent
- Always observe the instrument cluster for the **READY** indicator status to verify the vehicle is on or shut off
- After disabling the vehicle, power can be maintained for **5 minutes** in the high voltage electrical system and **90 seconds** in the SRS system
- If either of the disabling steps above cannot be performed, proceed with caution as there is no assurance that the high voltage electrical system, SRS, or fuel pump are disabled
- **5-10-20 RULE/PEEL AND PEEK**

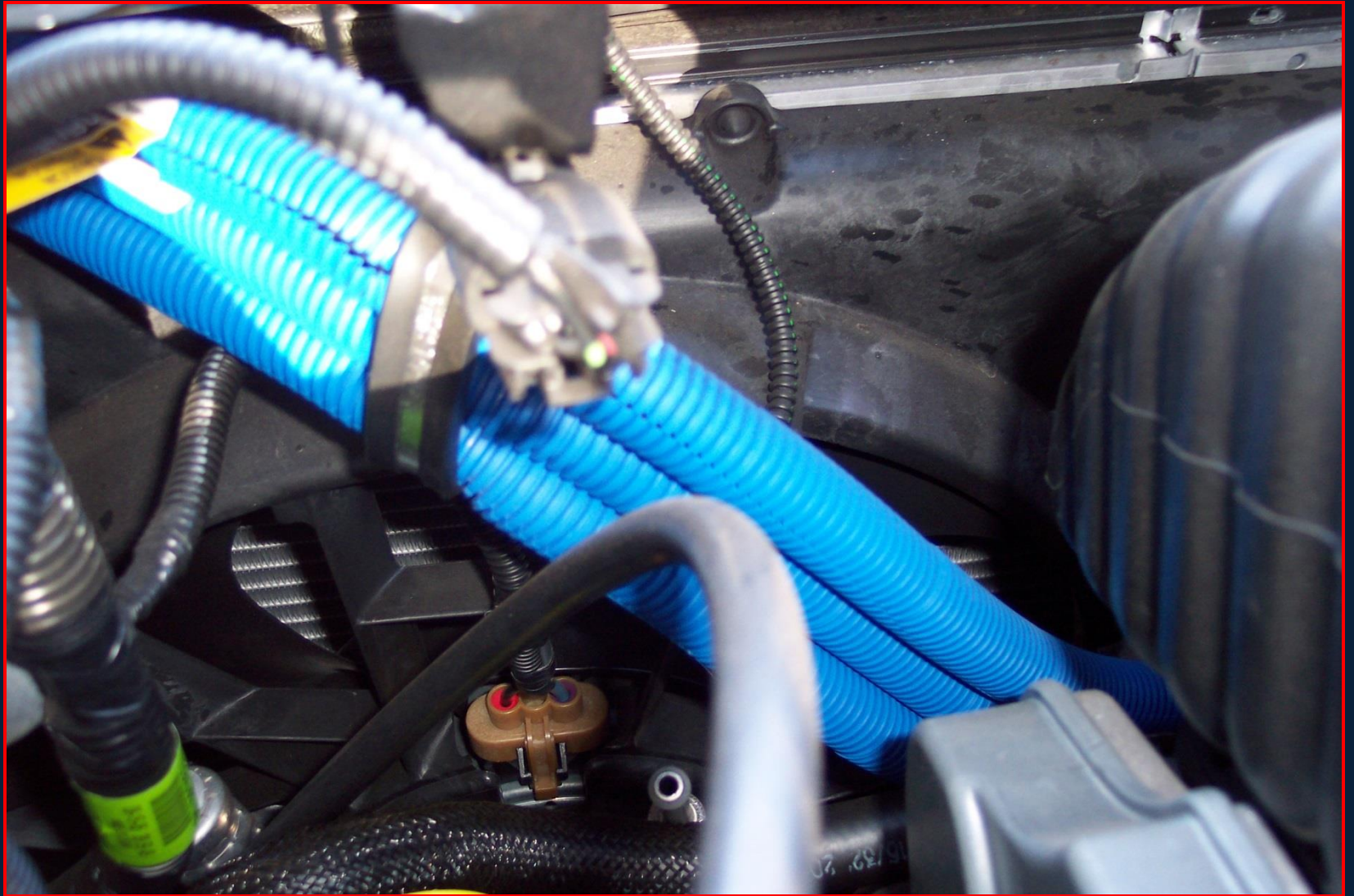
***DO NOT CUT High Voltage harness***





# 2007 SATURN VUE HYBRID





# HYBRID FIRE PROCEDURES

- Water has been proven to be an acceptable extinguishing agent
- Fire in the HV battery Pack
  - HV battery modules will burn rapidly and can quickly be reduced to ashes other than the metal alloy cell plates
  - Flooding the HV battery pack with copious amounts of water at a safe distance will cool NiMH battery modules below their ignition temperature and the remaining modules on fire, if not extinguished, will burn themselves out
- Fight vehicle fire from the side
- Life vs. Property
- Contain Run off (Haz Mat)

# HYBRID SUBMERSION PROCEDURES

- Handle vehicle that is submerged either partially or fully by disabling the HV battery pack, SRS airbags, and fuel pump
- Remove vehicle from the water and drain water if possible
- Follow power down procedures as detailed for individual vehicles
- When the high voltage battery is under water, it should fizzle and short internally
- The high voltage battery will be discharged when the fizzing or bubbling has completely stopped
- Hydrogen/oxygen will be produced in sealed passenger compartment (vent appropriately)

# HYBRID MYTHS

- Electricity will follow the water stream when putting out a hybrid fire
- High voltage battery will explode if on fire
- The high voltage battery pack can leak acid if the battery cells are ruptured
- You can be shocked if you touch the body of a hybrid if it's been in an accident
- If submerged, a hybrid can shock you if you're in the water with the vehicle

# ELECTRIC VEHICLES

- Electric vehicles improve air quality
- No tailpipe emissions
- New battery technologies increase vehicle range between charges
- Batteries are charging faster!
- EV decals and insignia on the rear of the vehicle
- Demonstration vehicles are clearly marked

# ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Electric Motor

Battery Pack

Electric Control Module

High and Low Voltage

No emission

Combustion Engine

Fuel Tank

Electronic Ignition

Low Voltage System

Emission Issues

Hybrid Electric Vehicles

# ELECTRIC VEHICLES

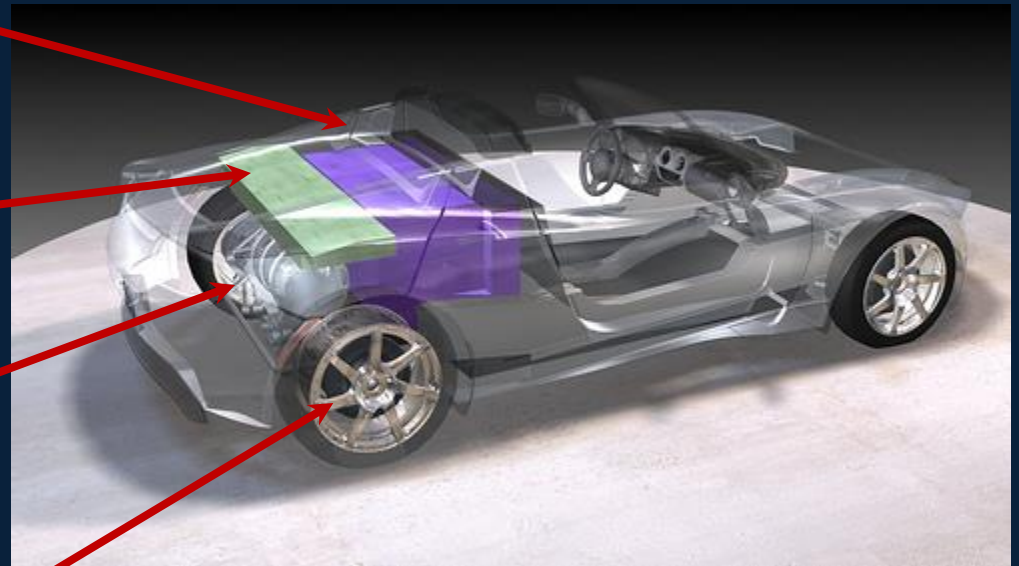
## EV Operation

Electronic Control  
Module  
(Inverter/converter)

Battery Pack

Electric  
Traction Motor

Regenerative  
Brakes



# ELECTRIC VEHICLES



Electronic Control Module

ECM is High Voltage!

Accelerator pedal sends electric signal to ECM

ECM regulates the amount of current to the motor



# ELECTRIC VEHICLES



- Battery Pack and Battery Management System
- Provides electrical power to engine and controls charging and overcharging
- High Voltage!

- Regenerative Brakes
- Converts kinetic energy into electricity replenishing the



# ELECTRIC VEHICLES



- Orange cables denote High Voltage— do not cut!
- Inertia switches and pilot circuits will shut down High Voltage
- It takes approximately 5 minutes for the energy to dissipate
- It is safe to work with submerged vehicles

# ELECTRIC VEHICLES SAFETY

- Do not penetrate or cut any high voltage component!
- Avoid wearing jewelry
- Wear Full PPE
- Use insulated hand tools when possible
- Locate manual disconnects
- Use water or foam to extinguish vehicle fires
- Use recommended agent for battery pack fires

# COMPRESSED NATURAL GAS




**CNG ONLY**  
**Safety Information**

A compressed gas cylinder contains a large amount of energy. If the cylinder is damaged or used in an unsafe manner, it can become a projectile and cause serious injury or death. Always use proper handling and safety procedures. Consult the applicable safety data sheet for more information.

**IF THERE IS A QUESTION ABOUT THE PROPER USE, INSTALLATION, OR MAINTENANCE OF THIS CONTAINER CONTACT:**  
**THROUGH COMPOSITES**  
4300 INDUSTRIAL AVE. THROUGH THE USA  
PHOENIX, AZ 85018

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**CNG ONLY**

A compressed gas cylinder contains a large amount of energy. If the cylinder is damaged or used in an unsafe manner, it can become a projectile and cause serious injury or death. Always use proper handling and safety procedures. Consult the applicable safety data sheet for more information.

**ATP** ATP **WHEELS**  
MANUFACTURED IN THE USA  
FOR USE ONLY WITH THE CONTAINER  
MANUFACTURED BY APPROVED PROD  
OF VALVES

02/19/2006

# CNG MARKINGS



**CNG ONLY**  
DO NOT USE AFTER 06-2015  
SN 31-131  
MODEL # RC36A18-037PQ  
SERVICE PRESSURE  
24800 KPA (3600 PSIG)/21°C (70°F)  
NGV2-4  
ANSI/IAS NGV2-98  
DOT TYPE 4  
MANUFACTURED IN 06-07  
FOR USE ONLY WITH THE CONTAINER



US  
Certification No.:  
111999-0000-000008



02/19/2006

surface cuts, abrasions, gouges or localized discoloration or paint chipping, the tank must be depressurized and removed from service. Consult inspection guidelines issued by tank manufacturer.

**IF THERE IS A QUESTION ABOUT  
THE PROPER USE, INSTALLATION, OR  
MAINTENANCE OF THIS CONTAINER  
CONTACT:  
LINCOLN COMPOSITES  
4300 INDUSTRIAL AVE, LINCOLN, NE, USA  
PHONE 1-402-464-8211**

**THIS CONTAINER SHOULD BE VISUALLY  
INSPECTED AFTER A MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT  
OR FIRE AND AT LEAST EVERY 36 MONTHS OR  
36,000 MILES, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST, FOR  
DAMAGE AND DETERIORATION**



Puncture



Drop



Drill



Fire

MADE IN THE USA

02/19/2006

# CNG TANK FAILURE





**Rear of vehicle**

# NATURAL GAS FILLING PORTS



# ALTERNATIVE FUEL MARKINGS

- Hydrogen fuel cell
  - Multiple manufacturers currently in prototype and early production
  - Infrastructure being developed at this time for national production
  - Commercialization approx. 2015
- Liquid Natural Gas (LNG)
  - Cargo trucks
- Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)
  - Light fleet vehicles
- Liquid Propane Gas (LPG)
- Full Electric
- Biodiesel
- Flex-fuel (E85)



# ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES

Considerations for these vehicles include:

- Compressed/ liquefied flammable gases
- Water miscible flammable liquids
- High voltage batteries/ DC and AC current
- Liquefied/ gaseous hydrogen
- Potential haz mat
- A ruptured Lithium Ion battery is highly toxic. Treat as haz-mat.
- Vehicles moving on their own

# AFV FIRE RISKS



# AFV FIRE RISKS AND TACTICS

- Do not park apparatus in front or aft of the vehicle
- Do not attack fire from front or aft of vehicle
- Fight vehicle fire from the side (90 degree approach)
- Do not get in smoke
- Spot apparatus to side of vehicle fire
- Provide distance from the vehicle fire
- Utilize full PPE with SCBA
- Contain run-off (haz mat)
- Life vs. Property

# HYDROGEN FUEL CELL VEHICLE



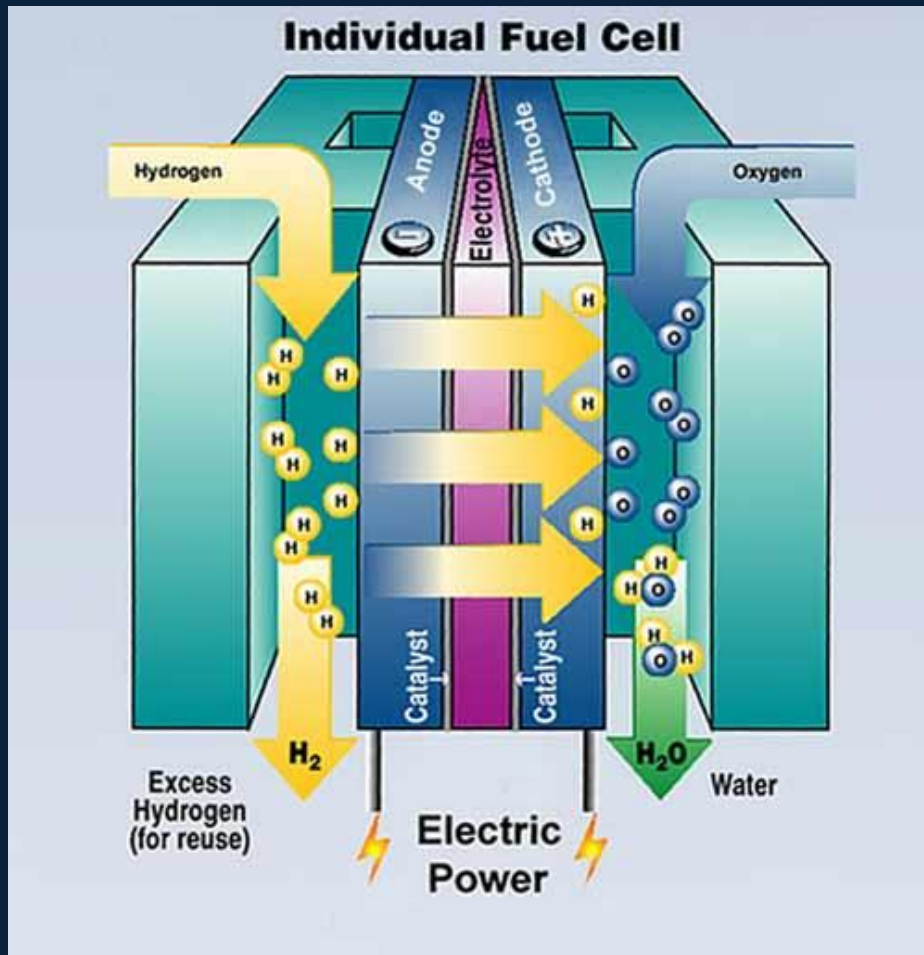
# FUEL CELL VEHICLE



## Fuel Cell Benefits

- Zero Emissions
- Quiet Operation
- Energy Efficient
- Energy Diversity

# FUEL CELL VEHICLE



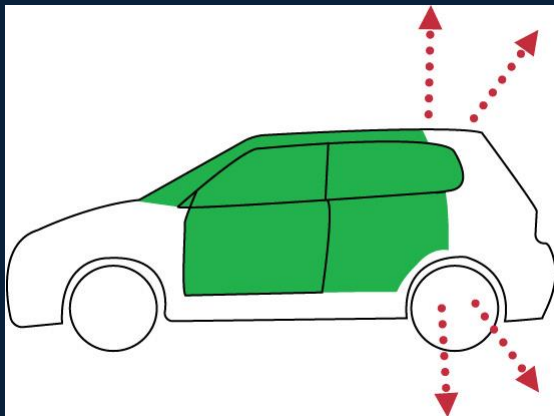
## Fuel Cell Technology

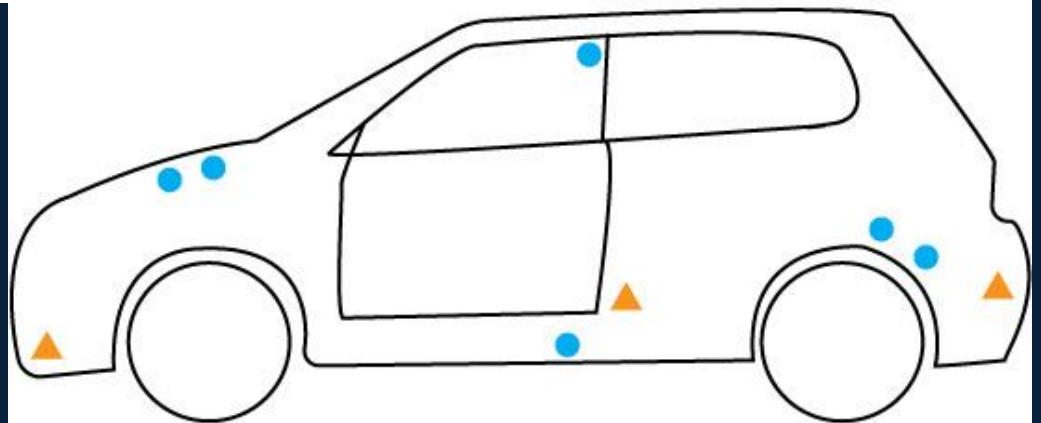
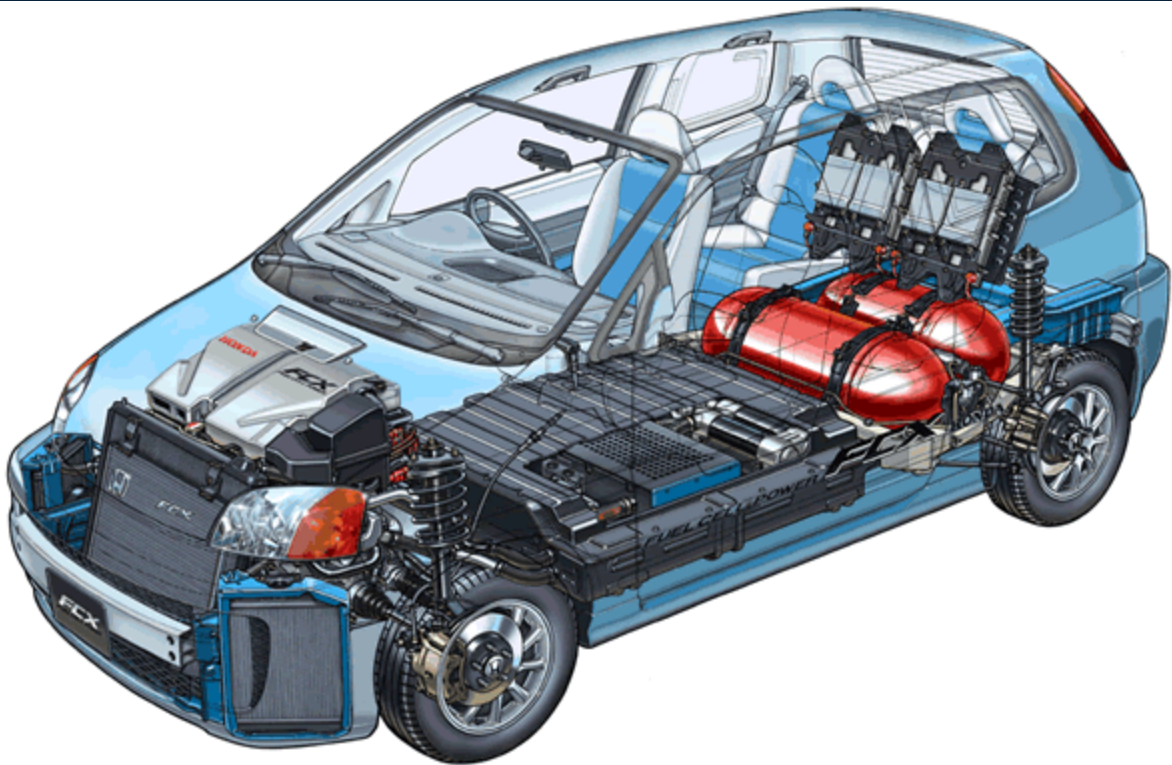
Automakers use Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cell

Hydrogen gas is essential to the process

# FUEL CELL VEHICLE

- Drives like ICE counterpart
- Vehicles have both low and high voltage systems
- When heated, the H<sub>2</sub> tank has a combination pressure relief device and a temperature relief device (PRD/TRD)
- PRD/TRD releases with a bang followed by a loud hiss





● Hydrogen Sensor

▲ Impact Sensor

# RED HYDROGEN LINE!



# FCHV MARKINGS





# STABILIZATION



# STABILIZATION

- Six-sided Approach
- Step Chocks
- Cribbing
- Remove Air from Tires
  - Bring Load to Stabilization
- Rope
- Ratchet Straps
- Tension Buttress
  - Rescue 42s, Paratech Struts

# TENSION BUTTRESS SYSTEM

Stick and a strap

Build in Triangles



# TENSION BUTTRESS SYSTEM

45 to 70 degrees when loaded

Insertion points above center of gravity



# TENSION BUTTRESS SYSTEM

Align struts and bases

Solid strut points



# TENSION BUTTRESS SYSTEM

Capture and control load  
Anticipate lifts or movements



# EXTRICATION TECHNIQUES

- Spreading and Cutting
  - Let the tool work...Build pressure
  - Good purchase point run the tool out
  - Open and close tool All the way
  - Focus arm parallel to the horizon
  - Concentrate on Hard points on the vehicle

# EXTRICATION TECHNIQUES

- Anticipate tool movements
- Tool Angle and Placement
- Body and Hand Placement
- Tool “dance”
- Let the situation dictate cutters or spreaders

# GAINING ACCESS

- Gaining purchase points
  - Fender crush
  - Vertical lift
  - Pinch and pry
  - Door squeeze
  - Hand Tools

# GAINING ACCESS

## Fender Crush



# GAINING ACCESS

## Vertical Lift



# GAINING ACCESS

## Pinch and Pry



# GAINING ACCESS

## Door Squeeze



# GAINING ACCESS

## Hand Tools



# B POST BLOWOUT



# B POST BLOWOUT

Gain access to rear door pin or nader



# B POST BLOWOUT

Relief cut parallel to rocker panel



# B POST BLOWOUT

Spread off rocker panel out to bottom



# B POST BLOWOUT

Spread off rocker panel out to bottom



# B POST BLOWOUT

Cut top of B post



# B POST BLOWOUT



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR

Relief cut parallel to rocker panel



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR

Relief top of B post



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR

Relief cut rear window down to wheel well



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR

Relief cut rear window up into wheel well



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR

Vertical lift



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR

Vertical lift



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR

Vertical lift with Ram



# 3<sup>RD</sup> DOOR

Rocker panel spread



# DASH DISPLACEMENT

Relief cut the A-Post above the bottom



# DASH DISPLACEMENT

Firewall may require multiple cuts and spreads



# DASH DISPLACEMENT

Cut section out of A-Post roof rail



# DASH DISPLACEMENT

## Dash Jack



# DASH DISPLACEMENT

## Dash Roll



# DASH DISPLACEMENT

## Dash Push



# REVIEW

- Scene Size Up
- Vehicle Assessment “Reading the Wreck”
- Patient Assessment
- Stabilization
- Scan for Airbags/SRS “Peel and Peek”
- Gain Access to Patient “5-10-20 Rule”
- Extrication Techniques
- Patient Removal

# CONCLUSION

- Questions, Comments, Concerns
- Station A Equipment Review
- ***BE SAFE! EVERYONE GOES HOME!***