



VOR 2021

STÆF2RH05 - fjarnám

Verkefni 8

Nafn: _____

Athugið að þríhyrningarnir eru ekki endilega teiknaðir í réttum hlutföllum.

1. Reiknaðu út lengdina á hlið a og hlið c. Hornið B er 23° .

$$\text{Hlið a} = \underline{15,36}$$

$$\text{Hlið c} = \underline{14,14}$$



$$\sin(B^\circ) = \frac{\text{möttl. sk.}}{\text{langhl.}}$$

$$a \cdot \sin(23^\circ) = \frac{6 \cdot \cancel{a}}{\cancel{a}}$$

$$\frac{a \cdot \sin(23^\circ)}{\sin(23^\circ)} = \frac{6}{\sin(23^\circ)}$$

$$a = 15,36$$

$$\tan(B^\circ) = \frac{\text{möttl. sk.}}{\text{aðl. sk.}}$$

$$c \cdot \tan(23^\circ) = \frac{6 \cdot \cancel{c}}{\cancel{c}}$$

$$\frac{c \cdot \tan(23^\circ)}{\tan(23^\circ)} = \frac{6}{\tan(23^\circ)}$$

$$c = 14,14$$

2. Reiknaðu

Hornið A: 37,66°

Hliðina x: 14,66

Hliðina y: 6,41

Hornið B: 66,38°

$$A^\circ = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\text{adj. sk.}}{\text{langhl.}} \right)$$

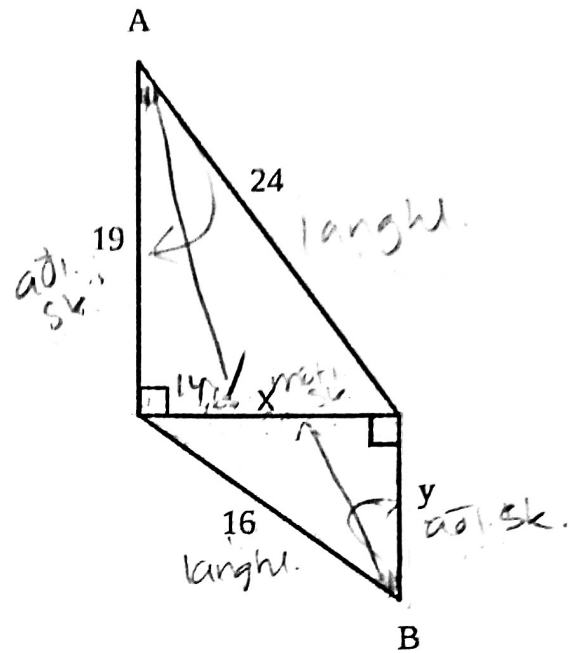
$$A^\circ = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{19}{24} \right)$$

$$A^\circ = 37,66^\circ$$

$$\tan(A^\circ) = \frac{\text{möt. sk.}}{\text{adj. sk.}}$$

$$19 \cdot \tan(37,66^\circ) = \frac{x \cdot 19}{19}$$

$$x = 14,66$$



$$B^\circ = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\text{möt. sk.}}{\text{langhl.}} \right)$$

$$B^\circ = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{14,66}{16} \right)$$

$$B^\circ = 66,38^\circ$$

$$\cos(B^\circ) = \frac{\text{adj. sk.}}{\text{langhl.}}$$

$$16 \cdot \cos(66,38^\circ) = \frac{y \cdot 16}{16}$$

$$y = 6,41$$

3. Þríhyrningurinn ABC er
ekki réttthyrdur. Hornið $B = 50^\circ$,
 hliðin $a = 5$ og hliðin $c = 14$. Reiknaðu:

hliðina $h_c = \underline{3,83}$

hornið $A = \underline{19,54^\circ}$

hliðina $b = \underline{11,45}$

hliðina $n_c = \underline{2,484}$

$\cos(A) = \frac{\text{adj. sk.}}{\text{langhl.}}$

$b \cdot \cos(19,54^\circ) = \frac{10,79}{\cancel{b}}$

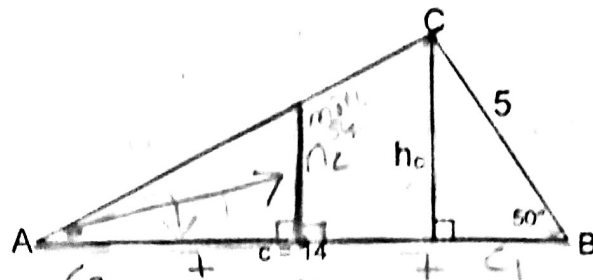
$\frac{b \cdot \cos(19,54^\circ)}{\cos(19,54^\circ)} = \frac{10,79}{\cos(19,54^\circ)}$

$b = 11,45$

$\tan(A) = \frac{\text{mötli sk.}}{\text{adj. sk.}}$

$7 \cdot \tan(19,54^\circ) = \frac{n_c}{\cancel{7}}$

$n_c = 2,484$



$\sin(B) = \frac{\text{mötli sk.}}{\text{langhl.}}$

$5 \cdot \sin(50^\circ) = \frac{h_c \cdot 5}{5}$

$h_c = 3,83$

$\cos(B) = \frac{\text{adj. sk.}}{\text{langhl.}}$

$5 \cdot \cos(50^\circ) = \frac{c_1 \cdot 5}{5}$

$c_1 = 3,21$

$c_2 = 14 - 3,21$

$c_2 = 10,79$

$A = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\text{mötli sk.}}{\text{adj. sk.}}\right)$

$A = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3,83}{10,79}\right)$

$A = 19,54^\circ$